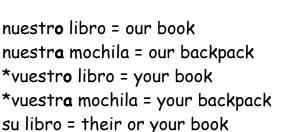
### Grammar Mini - Showing Whose it is (Part 2)

## Talking About Ours, Theirs, and Yours. Take a look:





su mochila = their or your backpack

nuestros libros = our books nuestros mochilas = our backpacks \*vuestros libros = your books \*vuestros mochilas = your backpacks sus libros = their or your books sus mochilas = their or your backpacks

- · Did you notice that the word that uses "el" to say "the" gets the "o" endings?
- · Did you notice that the word that uses "la" to say "the" gets the "a" endings?
- Did you notice that if a word is plural then "our, their, or your" is plural too?
- \*Vuestro/a(s) is used in Spain only. It means "your" belonging to more than one person. It is used when you are speaking to a person casually. "Su(s) is formal and used when speaking to a person you DO NOT speak to on a first name basis.
- Su(s) is used in all other countries whether casual or formal.
- When su(s) is used to mean "your", the object(s) belong to more than one person.

# Try these:

el coche = the car	la
el trineo = the sled	la

a mesa = the table a pelota = the ball



1. our car =	our cars =
2. our ball =	our balls =
3. *your sled =	your sleds =
4. *your table =	your tables =
5. their car =	their cars =
6. their ball =	their balls =
7. your car =	_ your cars =
8. our table =	our tables =

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Answer Key

## Try these:

- 1. nuestro coche, nuestros coches
- 2. nuestra pelota, nuestras pelotas
- 3. vuestro trineo, vuestros trineos
- 4. vuestra mesa, vuestras mesas
- 5. su coche, sus coches
- 6. su pelota, sus pelotas
- 7. su coche, sus coches
- 8. nuestra mesa, nuestras mesas