## Grammar Mini - Showing Whose it is



## No apostrophe "s":

In Spanish, "'s " does not exist. Instead they use the word "de" + person's name.

Examples: la casa de José = Joe's house el perro de María = Maria's dog

## Try these:

el gato = the cat, el libro = the book, la foto = the photo, la camisa = the shirt

- 1. Joe's book = \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Joe's photo = \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Maria's shirt = \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Maria's cat =
- 5. Joe's dog = \_\_\_\_\_

## Talking About My, Your, His or Her: Take a look:

mi libro = my book
mi foto = my photo
mis fotos = my photos
tu gato = your cat
tu perro = your dog
mis libros = my books
mis fotos = my photos
tus gatos = your cats
tus perros = your dogs





<sup>\*</sup>su(s) can also mean "your" when being formal. This does not exist in English, but in Spanish there are more formal ways of communicating with people you do not speak to on a first name basis.

# Try these:

1. my cat =	my cats =
2. your photo =	
3. his book =	his books =
4. her cat =	her cats =
5. *your shirt =	your shirts =
6. my house =	_ my houses =

7. your dog = \_\_\_\_\_ your dogs = \_\_\_\_\_

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Answer Key

### Try these:

el gato = the cat, el libro = the book, la foto = the photo, la camisa = the shirt

- 1. el libro de José
- 2. la foto de José
- 3. la camisa de María
- 4. el gato de María
- 5. el perro de José

### Try these:

mi gato mis gatos
 tu foto tus fotos
 su libro sus libros
 su gato sus gatos
 su camisa sus camisas
 mi casa mis casas
 tu perro tus perros